

SAVE OUR SPRINGS ALLIANCE

The Time is RIPE to Save Our Springs

An Introduction to Save Our Springs Alliance, a non-profit, 501c (3) organization, and an Introduction to the Geology, Hydrology, Biodiversity, and Vulnerability of the Edwards Aquifer and Barton Springs

Barton Springs Pool in Zilker Park, the Soul of Our City

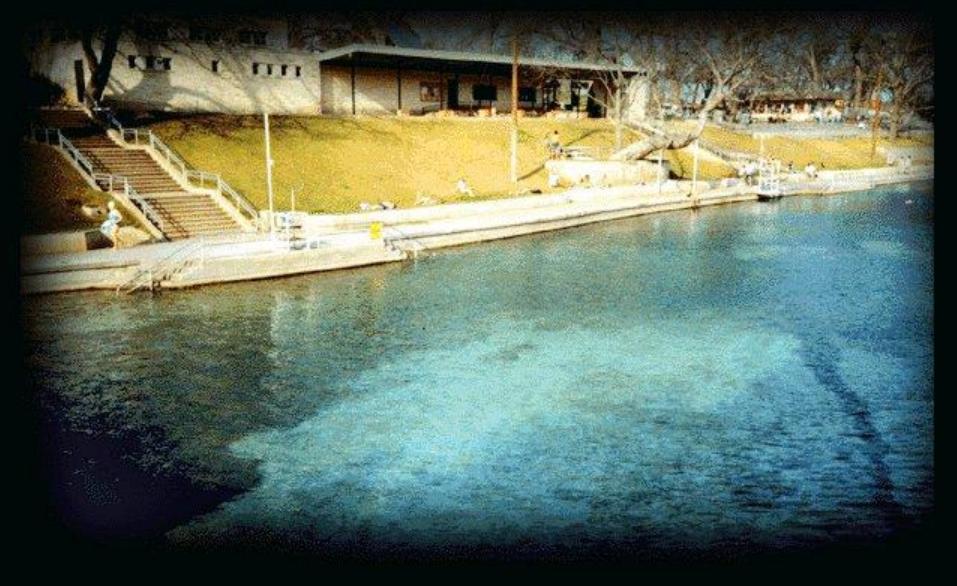
The *Three Philosophers* **statue in at the front entrance to Barton Springs**. From left to right, Roy Bedichek, J. Frank Dobie, and Walter Prescott Webb. All men were writers who loved Barton Springs. All have Austin schools named after them.



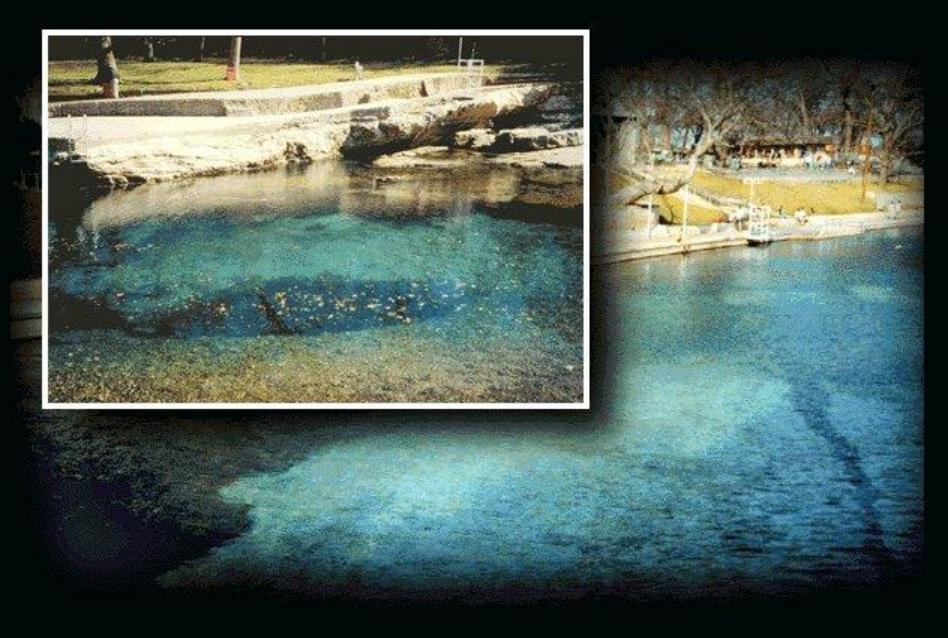


"If people are to enjoy their own lives, they must be aware of the significances of their own environment." J. Frank Dobie.

Over 30 million gallons per day, on average, come out of Barton Springs.



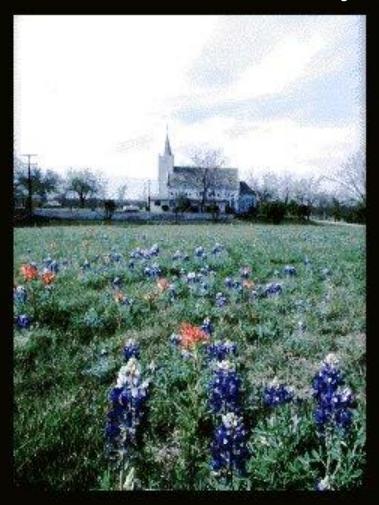
The cool, clear water is a constant 68-70 (F) degrees year round

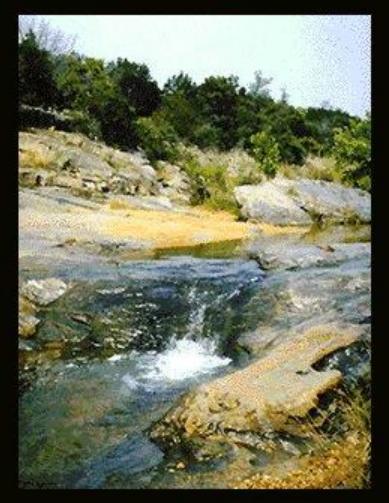


The water in Barton Springs comes from Hill Country watersheds in southwest Travis and northern Hays Counties



Limestone hills and wildflower blooms characterize the Texas Hill Country



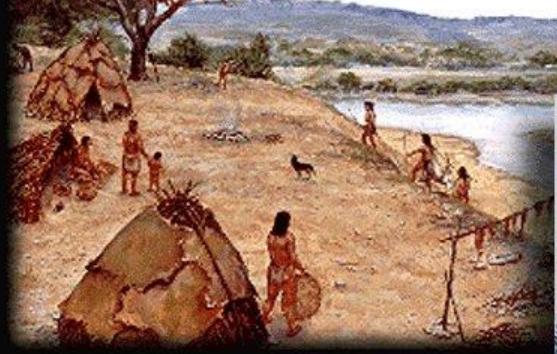




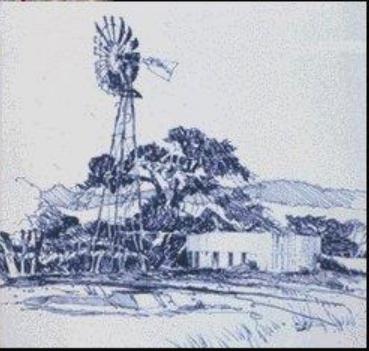
Waterfall on Onion Creek



Native Americans camping along Barton Creek



European settlers established mills at Barton Springs





Baptismal ceremony in Barton Springs in 1925



Barton Creek in the late 1990s

Endangered Black-capped vireo



Endangered Golden-cheeked warbler

Endangered Black-capped vireo



Endangered Barton Springs salamander (*Eurcyea sosorum*) The salamander lives only in Barton Springs and nowhere else on Earth. SOS Alliance forced the Federal government to list the species as endangered, based on sound science. The salamander's scientific name (sosorum) reflects the movement to Save Our Springs.



Endangered Texas Blind salamander (*Eurcyea rathbuni*) This salamander is known only from spring outlets in the Southern Edwards Aquifer Austin Blind salamander (Eurcyea waterlooensis). This salamander was only recently discovered and lives in the caves underneath Barton Springs. It's scientific name reflects Austin's prior name – Waterloo.



The Edwards Aquifer: The Hidden Heart of Texas

Edwards Aquifer Region

Edwards Plateau

Blackland Prairie

Edwards Aquifer Region

Largest Springs in Texas

Las Moras

Springs

Barton Springs

Salado

Springs

San Marcos Springs

Hueco Springs Comal Springs

San Antonio Springs

San Felipe Springs

Edwards Aquifer Region

Largest Springs in Texas
 Cities and Towns

Salado Springs

SAN MARCOS

SALADO

Barton Springs

San Marcos Springs

Hueco Springs Comal Springs

San Antonio Springs NEW BRAUNFELS

San Felipe Springs



BRACKETTVILLE Las Moras Springs

SAN ANTONIO

Barton Springs Portion of Edwards Aquifer

Contributing Zone

Rainfall in the Contributing Zone flows toward the Recharge Zone, where numerous caves and sinkholes funnel water underground into the Edwards Aquifer

Barton Springs

🖌 Austin

Once underground, the water moves rapidly from south to north. Some water is pumped out of wells but most emerges at Barton Springs in a few days. Recharge Zone

Runoff entering a large sinkhole



Water entering the aquifer (and creating a whirlpool) in a sinkhole in the bottom of Onion Creek in the Recharge Zone



Once underground, water moves rapidly, with minimal filtration, through large passage-ways in the limestone.

Within days, the water emerges out of the Edwards Aquifer at Barton Springs

How do the Edwards Aquifer and Barton Springs get polluted?



Land clearing exposes soil to erosion when rains come



Runoff from construction sites carries large volumes of silt and sediment that enter the aquifer through creeks and caves



Structural controls, such as the silt fences on the right, are often not effective at preventing silt loads from entering creeks

Runoff from streets carries oil, grease, and other auto-related fluids that can quickly enter caves and creeks – and the aquifer



Golf courses require large applications of fertilizers and pesticides, which wash off during rains and enter the aquifer

Pesticides and fertilizers are commonly applied to residential and commercial lawns.



All of the pollution sources add up.

Malathio

insect Spra

Chlordane

Spray

GRIHO

140

Heavy Metals

Arsenic Ontil Cadmium Copper Insect Spra Lead Mercury Silver



inon PLUS

Undoor Ant

Cricket St

Heavy Metals

Arsenic Cadmium Copper Lead Mercury Silver

P-P'-DDD P-P'-DDE P-P'-DDT Aldrin Endrin **Heptachlor** Epoxide **Beta-BHC Delta-BHC** Gamma-BHC (lindane) PCD

Pesticides

niordane Spray

Undoor Ant

Cricket St

DOG PESS Ct Spray

Heavy Metals

Arsenic Cadmium Copper Lead Mercury Silver

P-P'-DDD P-P'-DDE P-P'-DDT Aldrin Endrin **Beta-BHC Delta-BHC** PCD

Pesticides

hlordane Spray

Heptachlor Epoxide Gamma-BHC (lindane)

Polyaromatic hydrocarbons

Benzo(A)anthrocene Benzo(B)fluoranthene Benzo(K)fluoranthene Benzo(A)pyrene Chrysene Dibenz(AH)anthracene Fluoranthene Phenanthrene Pyrene

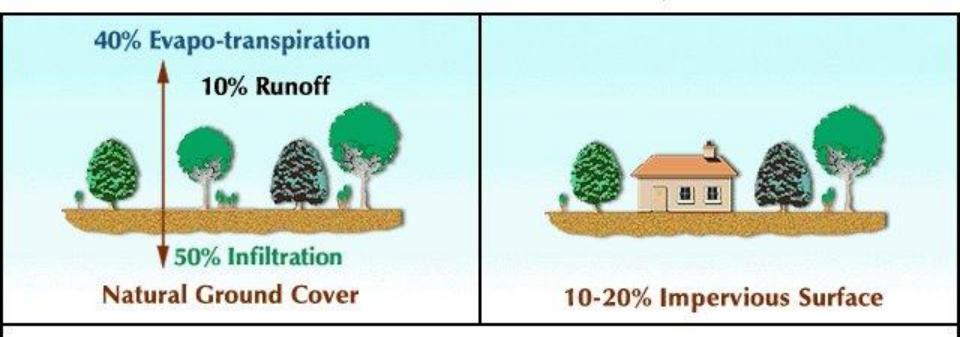
Barton Springs, once crystal clear, is now frequently closed after heavy rains because of high bacteria levels.

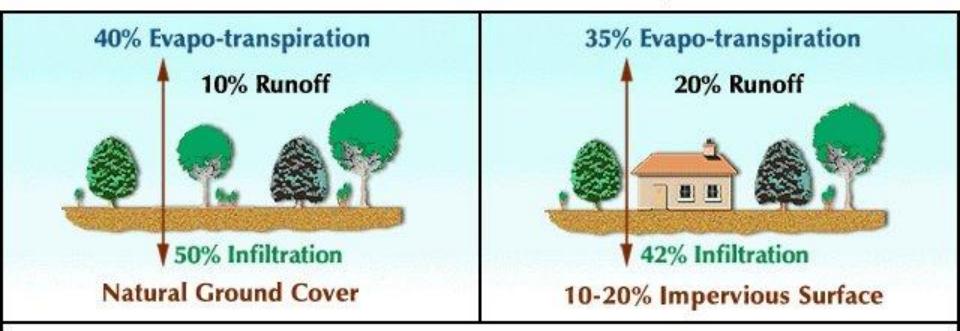


An Introduction to the impact of impervious cover

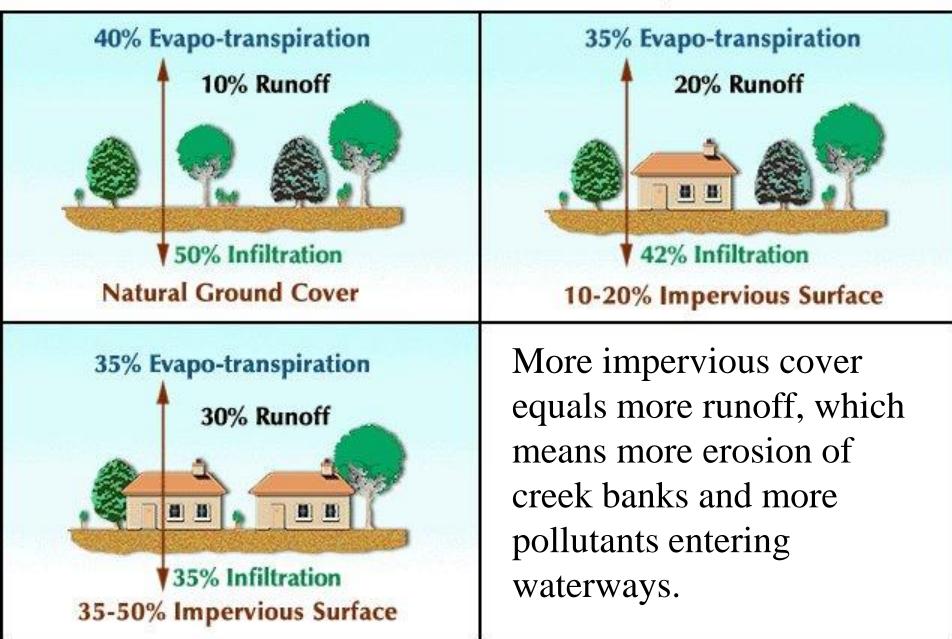


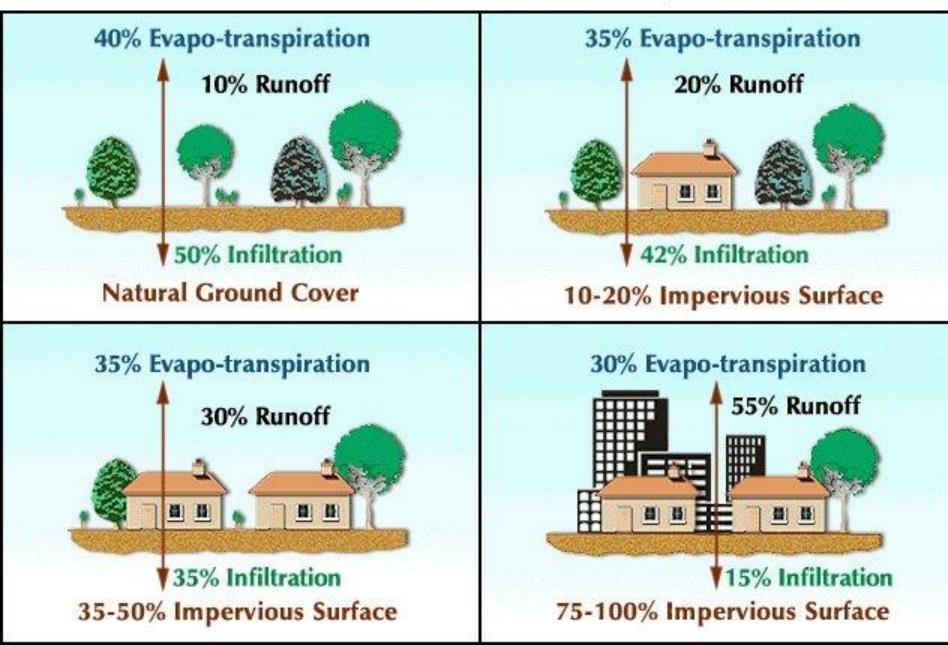




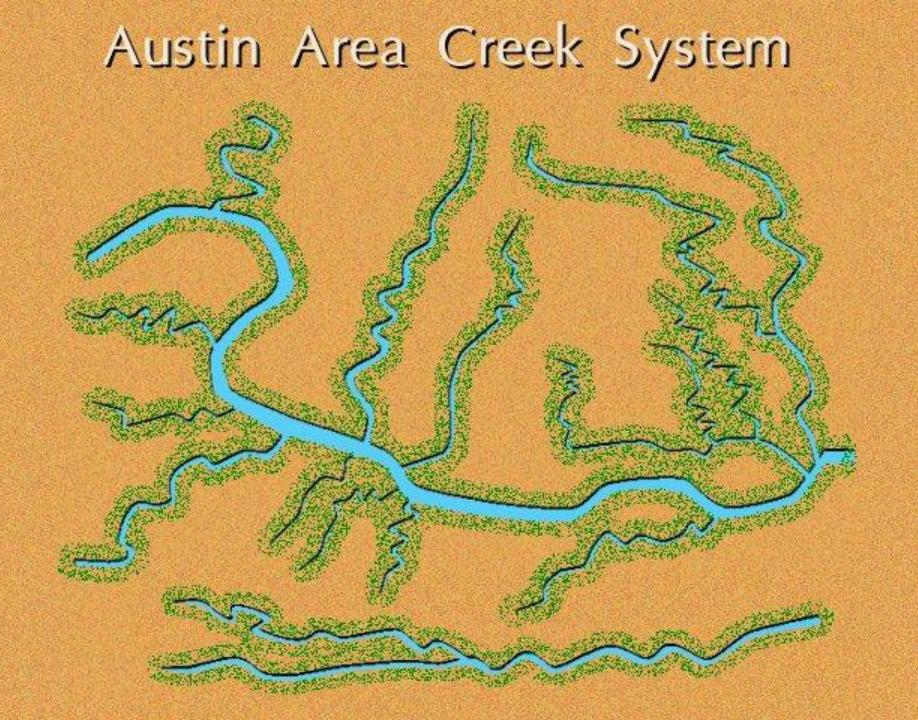


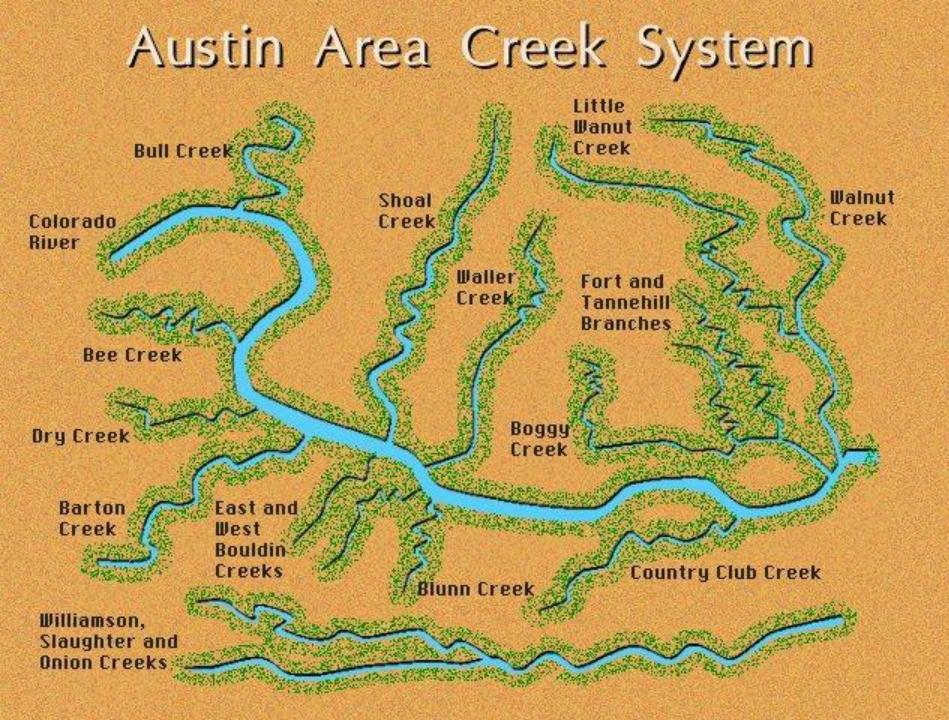
A small increase in impervious cover resulted in a dramatic increase in the percentage of rainfall that becomes runoff.





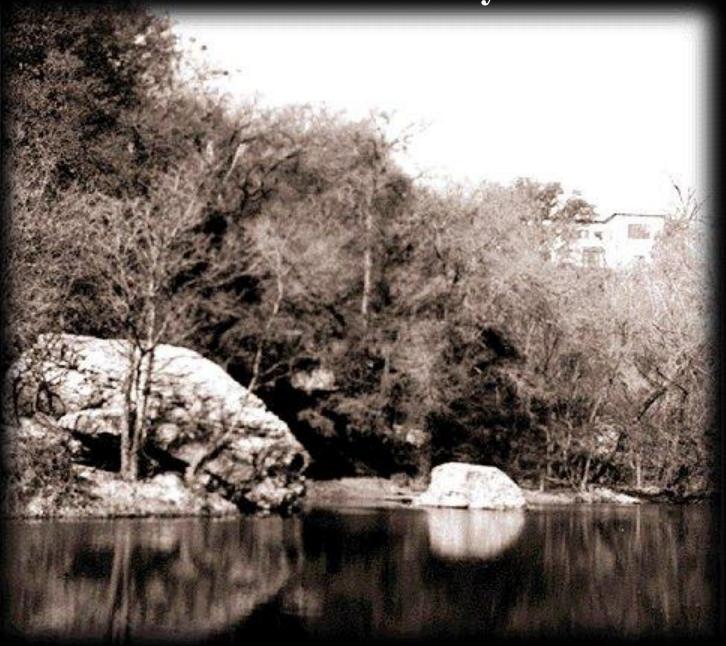
Impervious Cover and Shoal Creek

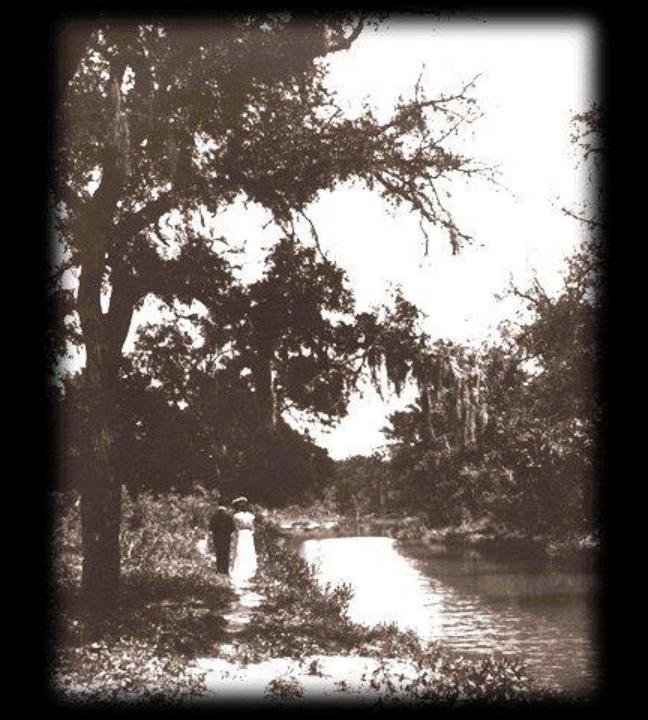




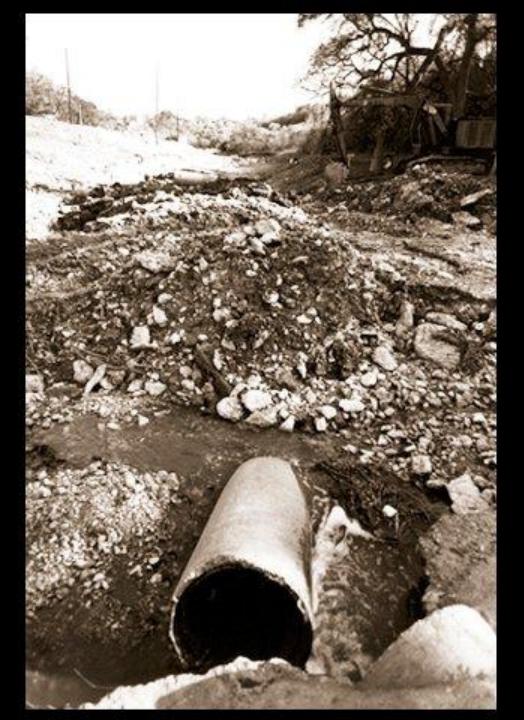
Shoal Creek

Shoal Creek once flowed year 'round





Today, Shoal Creek is often bone dry, with some pools of stagnant water.



During heavy rains, Shoal Creek frequently floods because the impervious cover in the Shoal Creek watershed generates high volumes of runoff that go directly to the creek.





Estimates of permitted development say it could happen

4000

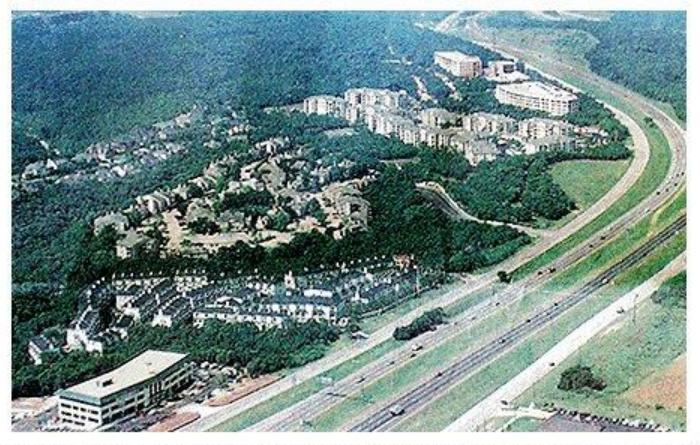
1000



to qualify as disabled

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A SECOND DOWNTOWN OVER BARTON WATERSHED?



Dr. South MoRee Boulevard, adartments and offices have been carved into Austin's most environmentally sensitive area. Under a new law, more development is (Avb)

Estimates of permitted development say it could happen





SAVE OUR SPRINGS ALLIANCE



ALLIANCE

Our Mission is to protect the Edwards Aquifer, its springs and contributing streams, and the natural and cultural heritage of its Hill Country watersheds, with special emphasis on the Barton Springs Edwards Aquifer. Consensus for Directing Growth Downstream and Protecting the Hill Country Watersheds

Public Consensus

1977 to Present:

Austin Tomorrow Plan, 1977 and 1979.
SOS election, 1992.
Council Elections, 1993 to 1999.
Smart Growth bond packages, May and October 1998. Consensus for Directing Growth Downstream and Protecting the Hill Country Watersheds

Economic Consensus

1998, Chamber of Commerce's New Century Economy Report.

Alpha360 and Intelliquest polling.

All confirm that high quality environment necessary for healthy economy.

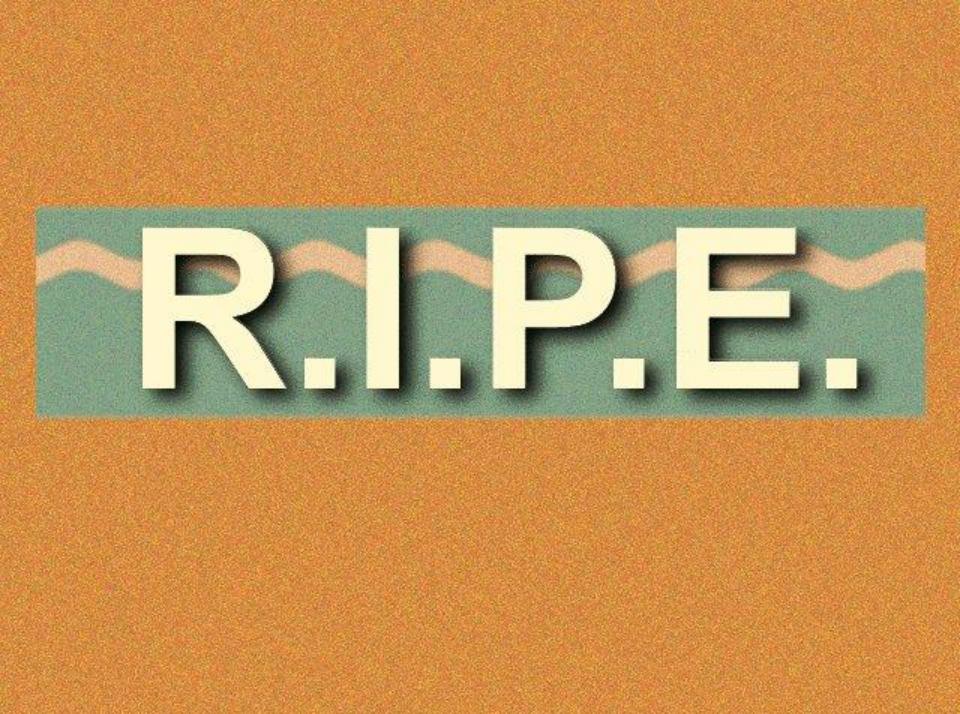
Consensus for Directing Growth Downstream and Protecting the Hill Country Watersheds

Scientific Consensus

Key consensus recommendations included:

"Governments, private corporations and citizens should act promptly to direct urban development away from the Edwards Aquifer through control of infrastructure investment . . ."

"Restrict impervious cover to levels that will sustain existing water quality" (less than 10-12 percent)



Regulation

nfrastructure and Investments

Permanent Protection

Invironmental Education

Reasonable Regulation

Advocate for reasonable regulation to prevent pollution.

 Act as a watchdog to achieve compliance with the law.



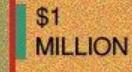
Infrastructure and Investments

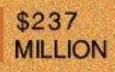
 Encourage public bodies to direct infrastructure spending downstream.

 Communicate directly with business leaders to locate their facilities downstream. Public spending in Barton Springs zone since Austin Tomorrow Plan adopted in 1979

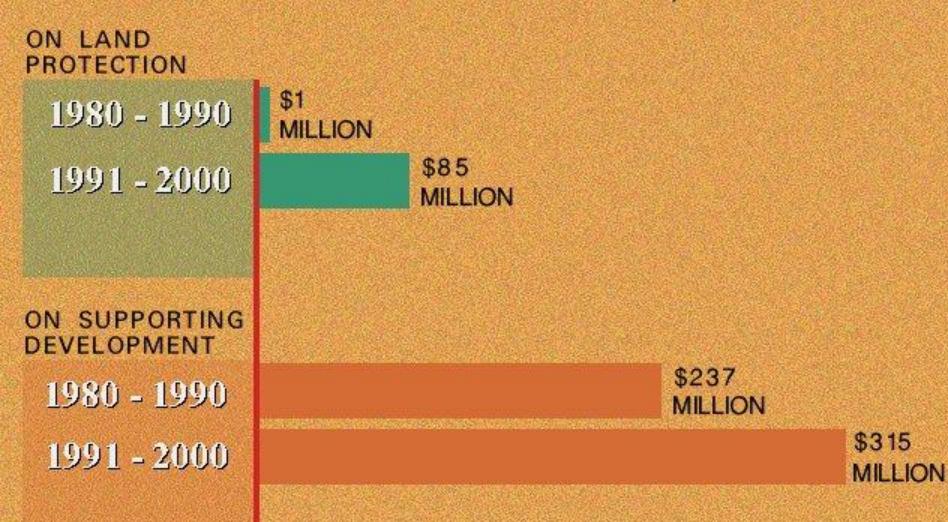
ON LAND PROTECTION 1980 - 1990

on supporting development 1980 - 1990



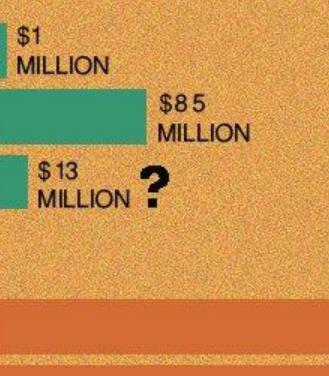


Public spending in Barton Springs zone since Austin Tomorrow Plan adopted in 1979



Public spending in Barton Springs zone since Austin Tomorrow Plan adopted in 1979

ON LAND PROTECTION 1980 - 1990 1991 - 20002001 - 2010ON SUPPORTING DEVELOPMENT 1980 - 19901991 - 20002001 - 2010



\$315 MILLION



\$237

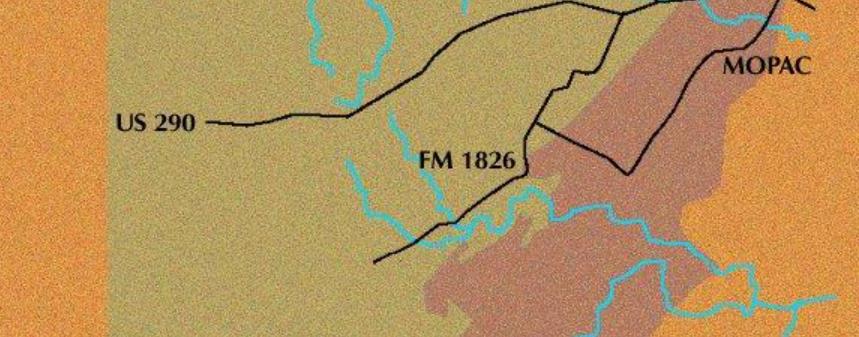
MILLION

Permanent Protection

 Create and launch public initiatives to buy land for parks and preserves.

 Encourage private land stewardship through donation or sale of conservation easements.

City Council Approved Easements and Acquisition



Proposition 2 City Council Approved Easements and Acquisition State 71 MOPAC **US 290** FM 1826 **Existing Public Land**

Proposition 2 City Council Approved Easements and Acquisition

State 71

FM 1826

MOPAC

Existing Public Land

US 290

Conservation Easements

Barton Springs Contributing Zone

Barton Springs Recharge Zone

Conservation Easements

Preserves and Publicly Owned Land

Barton Springs

Storm Ranch Conservation Easement

Parks and Preserves in the Barton Springs watershed

Environmental Education

 Educate public and private decision-makers on the importance of building downstream.

Environmental Education

 Educate public and private decision-makers on the importance of building downstream.

 Create awareness through a variety of outreach programs, including:
 Newsletters, E-mail,
 Web page, Guided tours and outings,
 Presentations to schools, civic groups and in the workplace.



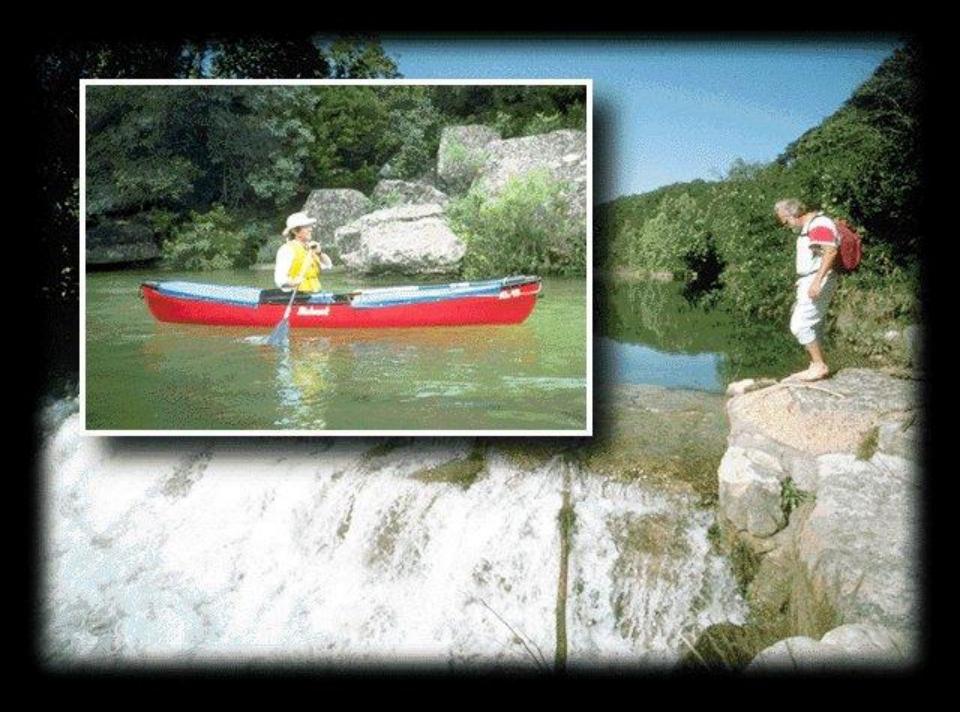
Enjoy the Springs. Swim Year Round.

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 Join the Save Our Springs Alliance

Enjoy the Springs. Swim Year Round.
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Vote with Your Dollars

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Stay Informed and Participate

















Acknowledgments

Ayres Family

Barton Spring/Edwards Aquifer Conservation District

Steve Beers

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